

SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

規格書

CUSTOMER: DATE:

(客戶): 志盛翔 (日期): 2020-3-27

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : GF 25V1000μF(φ10x20)

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

SUPPLIER								
PREPARED (拟定)	CHECKED (审核)							
赵安平	刘渭清							

CUSTOMER									
APPROVAL (批准)	SIGNATURE (签名)								

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

		SPECIFICAT		ALTERNA	ATION HIS	TORY	
		GF SERIE					
Rev.	Date	Mark	Page	Contents	Purpose	Drafter	Approver

Version 01	Page	1
------------	------	---

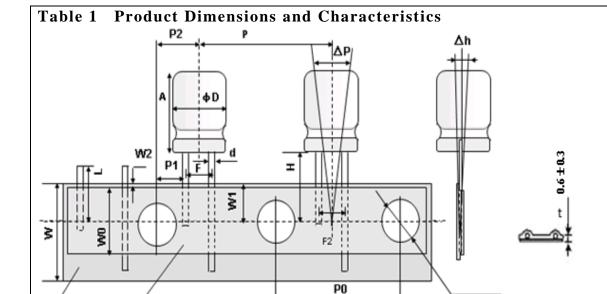
Adhesive Tape

Base Tape

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

Unit: mm



Т	Caping Coo	de	TC-Φ10(F=5.0)				
D+0.5	A+2.0	d±0.05	P±1.0 P ₀ ±0.2		P ₁ ±0.5		
10	20	0.6	12.7	12.7	3.85		
P ₂ ±1.0	$F_{-0.5}^{+0.8}$	$F_{20.5}^{+0.8}$	$\mathbf{W}_{-0.5}^{+1}$	\mathbf{W}_0	W₁±0.5		
6.35	5.0	5.0	18	7min	9		
\mathbf{W}_2	H ^{+0.75}	H ₀ ±0.5	L	Δh	ΔΡ		
3max	18.5		11max	2max	1.3 max		

No.	SAMXON Part No.	WV (Vdc)	Cap. (μF)	Cap tolerance	Temp. range($^{\circ}$ C)	tan ō (120Hz, 20℃)	Leakage Current (μ A ,2min)	Max Ripple Current at 105°C 100kHz (mA rms)	Impedance at 20°C 100kHz (Ωmax)	Load lifetime (Hrs)		nsion nm) F	фd	Sleeve
1	EGF108M1EG20TC**P	25	1000	-20%~+20%	-40~105	0.14	250	1400	0.046	3000	10X20	5.0	0.6	PET

4.0±0.2

Varsion	01	Dogo	0
Version	01	Page	

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

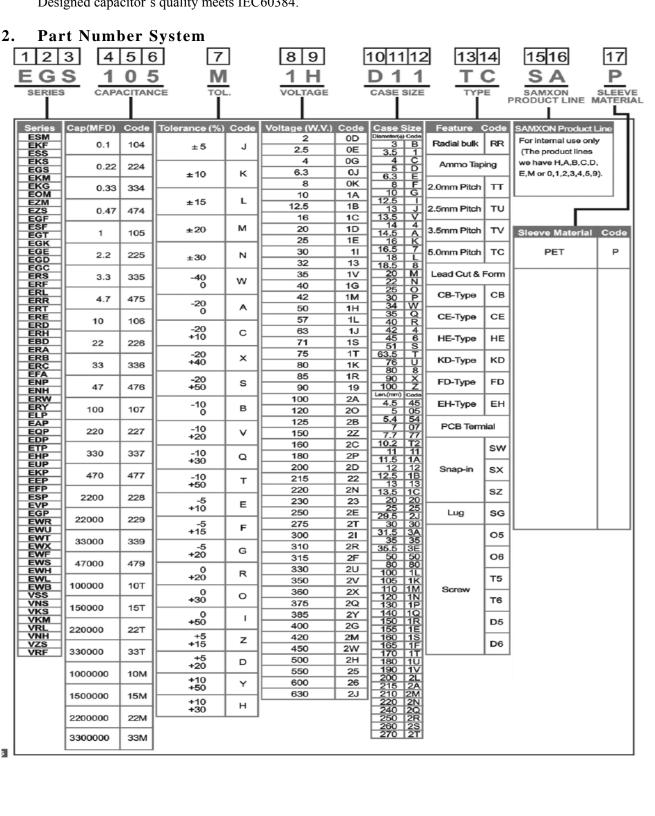
CONTENTS Sheet Application 4 2. Part Number System 4 3. Construction 5 4. Characteristics 5~10 4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 tanδ 4.5 Terminal strength 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Shelf life test 4.9 Surge test 4.10 Vibration 4.11 Solderability test 4.12 Resistance to solder heat 4.13 Change of temperature 4.14 Damp heat test 4.15 Vent test 4.16 Maximum permissible (ripple current) 5. List of "Environment-related Substances to be Controlled ('Controlled 11 Substances')" **Attachment: Application Guidelines** 12~15

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

1. Application

This specification applies to polar Aluminum electrolytic capacitor (foil type) used in electronic equipment. Designed capacitor's quality meets IEC60384.



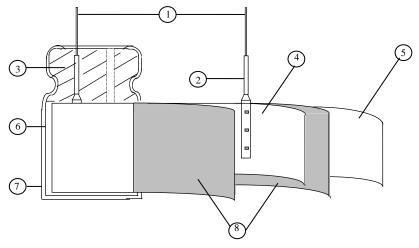
Version	01		Page	4
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



No	Component	Material
1	Lead line	Tinned CP wire (Pb Free)
2	Terminal	Aluminum wire
3	Sealing Material	Rubber
4	Al-Foil (+)	Formed aluminum foil
5	Al-Foil (-)	Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil
6	Case	Aluminum case
7	Sleeve	PET
8	Separator	Electrolyte paper

4. Characteristics

Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C
Relative humidity : 45% to 85%
Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature : $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

Version	01		Page	5
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

Tuon	e 2				DE	DEODI	MANIC	E			
	ITEM	PERFORMANCE									
	Rated voltage	WV (V.DC)	6.3	10	1	6	25	35	50	63	100
	(WV)	SV (V.DC)	8	13	2	0	32	44	63	79	125
4.1											
	Surge	WV (V.DC)	160	200	220	250	350	400	420	450	
	voltage (SV)	SV (V.DC)	200	250	270	300	400	450	470	500	
4.2	Nominal capacitance (Tolerance)	Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T <criteria></criteria>	<pre><condition> Measuring Frequency : $120\text{Hz} \pm 12\text{Hz}$ Measuring Voltage : Not more than 0.5Vrms Measuring Temperature : $20 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ </condition></pre> <criteria> Shall be within the specified capacitance tolerance.</criteria>								
4.3	Leakage current	Condition> Connecting the capacitor with a protective resistor $(1k\Omega \pm 10\Omega)$ in series for 2 minutes, and then, measure Leakage Current. Criteria> Refer to Table 1									
4.4	tanδ	<condition> See 4.2, Norm Capacitance, for measuring frequency, voltage and temperature. <criteria> Refer to Table 1</criteria></condition>									
4.5	Terminal strength	Condition> Tensile Strength of Terminals Fixed the capacitor, applied force to the terminal in lead out direction for 10±1 seconds. Bending Strength of Terminals. Fixed the capacitor, applied force to bent the terminal (1~4 mm from the rubber) for 90° within 2~3 seconds, and then bent it for 90° to its original position within 2~3 seconds. Diameter of lead wire									

Version 01 Page 6	
-------------------	--

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

l		<condition></condition>								
		STEP	Testi	ng Tempe	rature(°C))		Time		
		1		20 ± 2	,	Time	to reach	thermal e	equilibri	um
		2		-40(-25)	±3	Time	to reach	thermal e	equilibrii	um
		3		$\frac{1}{20\pm 2}$			to reach			
		4		105±		_	to reach		-	
		5		$\frac{100 \pm 2}{20 \pm 2}$			to reach		•	
		<criteria></criteria>		20 - 2		Time	to reach	thermar (equinori	ulli
		a. tanδ shall b	he with	in the lim	it of Item	4 4The le	eakage ci	irrent me	easured s	hall not
		more than 8 tin					ourrugo or			
	Temperature	b. In step 5, ta		-		nit of Iter	n 4.4The	leakage	current	shall not
	characteristi	more than the s						Č		
4.6	cs	c. At-40°C (-2:	5℃), iı	mpedance	(z) ratio s	shall not	exceed th	ne value o	of the fol	llowing
		table.								
		Working Voltag	ge (V)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63
		Z-25°C/Z+20	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$	4	3	2	2	2	2	2
		Z-40°C/Z+20)°C	8	6	4	3	3	3	3
		XX 1' X 1.		100						
		Working Voltag Z-25°C/Z+20		100						
				3						
		Z-40°C/Z+20			E 4 110	~	.1 1000	0 E.C	7.05/7	20°C
		For capacitance	value	> 1000µ		-		•		
		Capacitance, tan	ıδ. and	d impedar		-	ther 1000 red at 120	•	Z-40 C/2	Z+20 C.
			,	F						
		Conditions								
		<condition></condition>	FC 6038	84-4No 4	13 method	ls The ca	nacitor is	s stored a	nt a temp	erature of
		According to IE					-		_	
		According to IE $105 \% \pm 2$ with	DC bi	as voltage	plus the	ated ripp	le curren	t for Tab	ole 1. (T	he sum of
		According to IE	DC bi peak	as voltage voltage sh	plus the i	rated ripp sceed the	le curren e rated w	t for Tab orking v	ole 1. (Ti voltage)	he sum of Then the
	Load	According to IE 105 $\%$ ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m	DC bi peak v be teste	as voltage voltage sh ed after 16	plus the rail not exhaust	rated ripp sceed the	le curren e rated w	t for Tab orking v	ole 1. (Ti voltage)	he sum of Then the
4.7	Load life	According to IE 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m < Criteria>	DC bi peak v be testo eet the	as voltage voltage sh ed after 16 following	plus the radal not ex hours recognized table:	rated ripp sceed the covering	le curren e rated w time at at	t for Tab orking v	ole 1. (Ti voltage)	he sum of Then the
4.7		According to IE 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m Criteria> The characteris	peak verbe teste eet the	as voltage shed after 16 following	plus the nall not explain the plus the	rated ripp sceed the covering t ag require	le curren e rated w time at at ements.	t for Tab orking v mospher	ole 1. (Ti voltage)	he sum of Then the
4.7	life	According to IE 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage</criteria>	peak verbe be tested eet the stic share current	as voltage voltage sh ed after 16 following Il meet th	plus the real not explain the real not explain the real not explain the real notation to the	rated ripp sceed the covering ag require 4.3 shall	le curren e rated w time at at ements. be satisfi	t for Tab vorking v mospher	ole 1. (Ti voltage)	he sum of Then the
4.7	life	According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita</criteria>	peak verbe be tested eet the stic share current	as voltage voltage sh ed after 16 following Il meet th	plus the real not explain the	rated ripp sceed the covering to ag require 4.3 shall = 20% of	e rated we time at at ements. be satisficient to a control of the	t for Tab vorking v mospher ied alue.	ole 1. (Ti voltage) ic condit	he sum of Then the
4.7	life	According to IE 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage</criteria>	peak verbe be tested eet the stic share current	as voltage voltage sh ed after 16 following Il meet th	plus the rall not explain the	rated ripp sceed the covering of ag require 4.3 shall = 20% of e than 200	e rated watime at at ements. be satisficinitial various of the	t for Tab yorking v mospher ied alue.	ole 1. (Travoltage) ic condit	he sum of Then the
4.7	life	According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita</criteria>	DC bi peak v be teste eet the stic sha curren	as voltage voltage sh ed after 16 following Il meet th	plus the real not explain the	rated ripp sceed the covering of ag require 4.3 shall = 20% of e than 200	e rated watime at at ements. be satisficinitial various of the	t for Tab yorking v mospher ied alue.	ole 1. (Travoltage) ic condit	he sum of Then the
4.7	life	According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tanδ Appeara</criteria>	DC bi peak v be teste eet the stic sha curren	as voltage voltage sh ed after 16 following Il meet th	plus the rall not explain the	rated ripp sceed the covering of ag require 4.3 shall = 20% of e than 200	e rated watime at at ements. be satisficinitial various of the	t for Tab yorking v mospher ied alue.	ole 1. (Travoltage) ic condit	he sum of Then the
4.7	life	According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tano Appeara</criteria>	DC bi peak v be teste eet the stic sha curren unce Ch	as voltage voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the tt nange	plus the real not existed to hours recognized to hours and hours are the rest.	rated ripp sceed the covering of ag require 4.3 shall = 20% of e than 200 all be no	e rated watime at at ements. be satisficinitial various of the leakage of	t for Tab yorking v mospher ied alue. e specifie	ole 1. (Travoltage) ic condit	he sum of Then the ions. The
4.7	life	According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tanō Appeara <condition> The capacitors a</condition></criteria>	peak verbe testo eet the stic share current nnce Chance	as voltage shed after 16 following ll meet the thange	plus the real not explain the	rated ripp sceed the covering of ag require 4.3 shall = 20% of e than 200 all be no	e rated watime at at ements. be satisficinitial various of the leakage of the ed at a term.	t for Tab yorking v mospher ied alue. e specifie of electro	ole 1. (Trivoltage) ic condited value. olyte.	the sum of Then the ions. The
4.7	life	According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tanδ Appeara <condition> The capacitors a 1000+48/0 hour</condition></criteria>	be teste eet the stic sha curren ance Chance	as voltage shed after 16 following III meet that the mange stored willowing this stored with the stored willowing this stored with the stored willowing this stored willow the stored will be stored wi	e following Value in Within Indiana Not more than the period the period to the period	rated ripp sceed the covering of 4.3 shall = 20% of than 200 all be no	e rated we time at at ements. be satisficinitial various of the leakage of the l	t for Tabyorking working worki	ole 1. (Travoltage) ic condite ded value. Olyte.	the sum of Then the sions. The
4.7	life test	According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tanδ Appeara <condition> The capacitors a 1000+48/0 hou chamber and be</condition></criteria>	be testo eet the stic sha curren ance Ch	as voltage should be a stored will lowing this lowing this lowing this lowing the state of the s	plus the real land of explaining the following table: we follow for the following table: Within dependent to the following table: There should be period to the following table:	rated ripp sceed the covering and a second s	e rated we time at at ements. be satisficial various of the leakage of the ed at a test tors shall imperature	t for Tab vorking v mospher ied alue. e specifie of electro	ole 1. (The voltage) ic conditions and value. It is over the conditions of the condi	the sum of Then the ions. The ±2°C for m the test Next they
	life test	According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tanδ Appeara <condition> The capacitors a 1000+48/0 house chamber and be shall be connected.</condition></criteria>	be teste eet the stic sha curren unce Chunce re then rs. Folle e alloweted to	as voltage should be a stored with a series of the series of the stored with a series of the stored with a series	e following Value in Within Horoschaft the no voltage period to bilized at imiting reason and the policy of the period to bilized at imiting reason and the policy of the period to be peri	rated ripp sceed the covering of ag require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no age applie the capacity room tentesistor(18	e rated water at at the ements. be satisficial various of the leakage of the ed at a tentitors shall imperature at 100Ω	t for Tab yorking v mospher ied alue. e specifie of electro mperatur l be remo e for 4~8	ed value. Divoltage) ic condit ed value. Divoltage) re of 105 re of 105 Doved from hours. It	the sum of Then the ions. The ±2°C for m the test Next they d voltage
4.7	life test	According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tanδ Appeara <condition> The capacitors a 1000+48/0 hou chamber and be</condition></criteria>	be testo eet the stic sha curren unce Chance	as voltage should be a stored with a series of the series of the stored with a series of the stored with a series	e following Value in Within Horoschaft the no voltage period to bilized at imiting reason and the policy of the period to bilized at imiting reason and the policy of the period to be peri	rated ripp sceed the covering of ag require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no age applie the capacity room tentesistor(18	e rated water at at the ements. be satisficial various of the leakage of the ed at a tentitors shall imperature at 100Ω	t for Tab yorking v mospher ied alue. e specifie of electro mperatur l be remo e for 4~8	ed value. Divoltage) ic condit ed value. Divoltage) re of 105 re of 105 Doved from hours. It	the sum of Then the ions. The ±2°C for m the test Next they d voltage
	life test Shelf life	According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tano Appeara <condition> The capacitors a 1000+48/0 hour chamber and be shall be connect applied for 30m</condition></criteria>	be testo eet the stic sha curren unce Chance	as voltage should be a stored with a series of the series of the stored with a series of the stored with a series	e following Value in Within Horoschaft the no voltage period to bilized at imiting reason and the policy of the period to bilized at imiting reason and the policy of the period to be peri	rated ripp sceed the covering of ag require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no age applie the capacity room tentesistor(18	e rated water at at the ements. be satisficial various of the leakage of the ed at a tentitors shall imperature at 100Ω	t for Tab yorking v mospher ied alue. e specifie of electro mperatur l be remo e for 4~8	ed value. Divoltage) ic condit ed value. Divoltage) re of 105 re of 105 Doved from hours. It	the sum of Then the ions. The ±2°C for m the test Next they d voltage
	life test Shelf life	According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tano Appeara <condition> The capacitors a 1000+48/0 hour chamber and be shall be connect applied for 30m</condition></criteria>	be testo eet the stic sha curren unce Chance	as voltage should be a stored with a series of the series of the stored with a series of the stored with a series	e following Value in Within Horoschaft the no voltage period to bilized at imiting reason and the policy of the period to bilized at imiting reason and the policy of the period to be peri	rated ripp sceed the covering of ag require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no age applie the capacity room tentesistor(18	e rated water at at the ements. be satisficial various of the leakage of the ed at a tentitors shall imperature at 100Ω	t for Tab vorking v mospher ied alue. e specifie of electro mperatur l be remo e for 4~8	ed value. Divoltage) ic condit ed value. Divoltage) re of 105 re of 105 Doved from hours. It	the sum of Then the ions. The ±2°C for m the test Next they d voltage
	life test Shelf life	According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tano Appeara <condition> The capacitors a 1000+48/0 hour chamber and be shall be connect applied for 30m</condition></criteria>	be testo eet the stic sha curren unce Chance	as voltage should be a stored with a series of the series of the stored with a series of the stored with a series	e following Value in Within Horoschaft the no voltage period to bilized at imiting reason and the policy of the period to bilized at imiting reason and the policy of the period to be peri	rated ripp sceed the covering of ag require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no age applie the capacity room tentesistor(18	e rated water at at the ements. be satisficial various of the leakage of the ed at a tentitors shall imperature at 100Ω	t for Tab vorking v mospher ied alue. e specifie of electro mperatur l be remo e for 4~8	ed value. Divoltage) ic condit ed value. Divoltage) re of 105 re of 105 Doved from hours. It	the sum of Then the ions. The ±2°C for m the test Next they d voltage

Version	01		Page	7
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

		<criteria></criteria>	
		The characteristic shall meet t	the following requirements.
		Leakage current	Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied
	Shelf	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of initial value.
4.8	life	tano	Not more than 200% of the specified value.
	test		-
		Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
			stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may e through about $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ resistor, if necessary.
			t through about 1 k 1/2 resistor, if necessary.
	Surge	The capacitor shall be submit followed discharge of 5 min? The test temperature shall be C _R :Nominal Capacitance (µ < Criteria>	e 15~35℃. I F)
4.9	test	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.
	test	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 15\%$ of initial value.
		tanδ	Not more than the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		Attention: This test simulates over voltage over voltage as often applied <condition></condition>	ge at abnormal situation only. It is not applicable to sucl
4.10	Vibration test	The following conditions sharperpendicular directions. Vibration frequency ra Peak to peak amplitude Sweep rate Mounting method: The capacitor with diameter g in place with a bracket. 4mm or less Criteria> After the test, the following i Inner construction Appearance	: 1.5mm : 10Hz ~ 55Hz ~ 10Hz in about 1 minute greater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fixed Within 30° To be soldered

Version	01			8
---------	----	--	--	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

		<condition></condition>		
		The capacitor shall be tes	ted under the following	conditions:
		Soldering temperature	: 245±3°C	
		Dipping depth	: 2mm	
4.11	Solderability	Dipping speed	: 25±2.5mn	n/s
7.11	test	Dipping time	: 3±0.5s	
		<c<u>riteria></c<u>		
		Coating quality	A minimum immersed	m of 95% of the surface being
		0 10		
		<condition></condition>	u ahall ha immanad int	to solder both at 260±5°Cfar10±
		_		to solder bath at 260 ± 5 °C for $10\pm$
				Omm from the body of capacitor .
				temperature and normal humidity
	Resistance to	for 1~2 hours before mea	surement.	
4.12	solder heat	<criteria></criteria>		
	test	Leakage current	Not more than	the specified value.
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	of initial value.
		tanδ	Not more than	the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be a	no leakage of electrolyte.
		<condition></condition>		
			rding to IEC60384-4No	.4.7methods, capacitor shall be
		placed in an oven, the cor	•	-
		Te	Time	
		(1)+20°C	1	≤3 Minutes
		(2)Rated low temperature	30±2 Minutes	
	Change of	(3)Rated high temper		30 ± 2 Minutes
4.13	temperature			30±2 Willities
	test	(1) to (3)=1 cycle, to	tai 5 cycle	
		<criteria></criteria>	ant the following requir	romant
		The characteristic shall m		
		Leakage current	Not more than the	=
		tanδ	Not more than the	•
		Appearance	I nere shall be no le	eakage of electrolyte.
		<condition></condition>		
		Humidity Test:		
		_	_	citor shall be exposed for 500 ± 8
				°C, the characteristic change shall
		meet the following requir	ement.	
		< <u>Criteria></u>	T	
4.14	Damp heat	Leakage current	Not more than the spe	
7.14	test	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of init	
		tanδ	Not more than 120%	<u> </u>
		Appearance	There shall be no leak	tage of electrolyte.

Version	01		Page	9
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

4.15	Vent test	Condition> The following test only apply to with vent. D.C. test The capacitor is connected wit current selected from below tak <table 3=""> Diameter (mm) DC Current Selected or less Quere 22.4 or less Over 22.4 16 Criteria> The vent shall operate with no expieces of the capacitor and/or capacitor.</table>	h its polar ble is appli rent (A)	ity reversed ed.	to a DC po	ower source	. Then a
4.16	Maximum permissible (ripple current)	Condition> The maximum permissible rip at 120Hz and can be applied Table-1 The combined value of D.C v rated voltage and shall not re Frequency Multipliers: Coefficient Freq. (Hz) Cap. (μ F) ~180 220~560 680~1800 2200~3900 4700	at maximu oltage and	m operating I the peak A	g temperatu	re	ceed the

Version 01	Page 10
------------	---------

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

	Substances				
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds				
Heavy metals	Lead and lead compounds				
Heavy metais	Mercury and mercury compounds				
	Hexavalent chromium compounds				
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)				
Chloinated	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)				
organic	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)				
compounds	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)				
	Other chlorinated organic compounds				
D 1	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)				
Brominated	Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including				
organic	decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE])				
compounds	Other brominated organic compounds				
Tributyltin compo	ounds(TBT)				
Triphenyltin com	pounds(TPT)				
Asbestos					
Specific azo com	pounds				
Formaldehyde					
Beryllium oxide					
Beryllium coppe	er				
Specific phthalate	es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP)				
Hydrofluorocarbo	on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC)				
Perfluorooctane s	sulfonates (PFOS)				
Specific Benzotri	azole				

Version	01		Page	11	ĺ
---------	----	--	------	----	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

Attachment: Application Guidelines

1.Circuit Design

1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20°C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
 - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while $\tan\delta$ increases.
 - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).

1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

(1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

(2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

(3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

(4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

(1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

(2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

(1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

(2)Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

(3)Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

(4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

φ6.3~φ16mm:2mm minimum, φ18~φ35mm:3mm minimum, φ40mm or greater:5mm minimum.

(5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

Version 01 Page 12	Version	01			12
--------------------	---------	----	--	--	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

(6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about $1k\Omega$.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately $1k\Omega$.
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result

2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
- (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.

2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150 °C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

	Version	01		Page	13
--	---------	----	--	------	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder

- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.

Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinyl sleeve could result.

- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed 100 °C temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a 1000Ω , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes . If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

5.1 Environmental Conditions

	Version	01		Page	14
--	---------	----	--	------	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

Version	01		Page	15
---------	----	--	------	----