



2Pai Semi

Enhanced ESD, 3.0 kV rms/6.0 kV rms 150Kbps Triple-Channel Digital Isolators

Data Sheet

π130U/π131U

FEATURES

Ultra low power consumption (150Kbps):

0.62mA/Channel

High data rate: π13xAxx: 600Mbps

π13xExx: 200Mbps

π13xMxx: 10Mbps

π13xUxx: 150kbps

High common-mode transient immunity: 150 kV/μs typical

High robustness to radiated and conducted noise

Isolation voltages:

π13xx3x: AC 3000Vrms

π13xx6x: AC 6000Vrms

High ESD rating:

ESDA/JEDEC JS-001-2017

Human body model (HBM) ±8kV, all pins

Safety and regulatory approvals (Pending):

UL certificate number: E494497

3000Vrms/6000Vrms for 1 minute per UL 1577

CSA Component Acceptance Notice 5A

VDE certificate number: 40047929

DIN V VDE V 0884-10 (VDE V 0884-10):2006-12

$V_{IORM} = 707V$ peak/1200V peak

CQC certification per GB4943.1-2011

3 V to 5.5 V level translation

AEC-Q100 qualification

Wide temperature range: -40°C to 125°C

16-lead, RoHS-compliant, SOIC_N, SOIC_W and SSOP package

APPLICATIONS

General-purpose multichannel isolation

Industrial field bus isolation

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The π1xxxxx is a 2PaiSemi digital isolators product family that includes over hundreds of digital isolator products. By using matured standard semiconductor CMOS technology and 2PaiSEMI **iDivide** technology, these isolation components provide outstanding performance characteristics and reliability superior to alternatives such as optocoupler devices and other integrated isolators.

Intelligent voltage divider technology (**iDivide** technology) is a new generation digital isolator technology invented by 2PaiSEMI. It uses the principle of capacitor voltage divider to transmit voltage signal directly cross the isolator capacitor without signal modulation and demodulation.

The π1xxxxx isolator data channels are independent and are available in a variety of configurations with a withstand voltage

rating of 1.5 kV rms to 6.0 kV rms and the data rate from DC up to 600Mbps (see the Ordering Guide). The devices operate with the supply voltage on either side ranging from 3.0 V to 5.5 V, providing compatibility with lower voltage systems as well as enabling voltage translation functionality across the isolation barrier. The fail-safe state is available in which the outputs transition to a preset state when the input power supply is not applied.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS

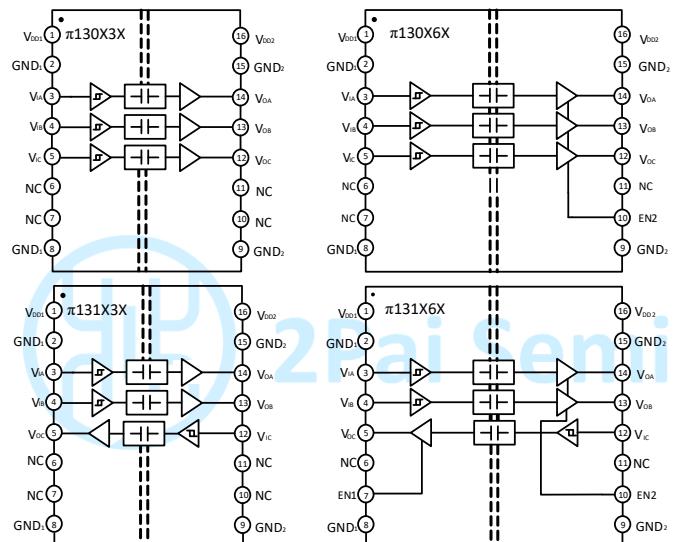


Figure 1. π130xxx/π131xxx functional Block Diagram

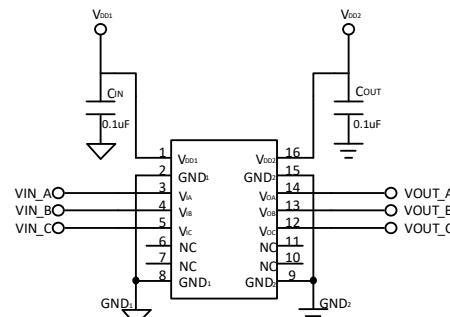


Figure 2. π130x3x Typical Application Circuit

Rev.1

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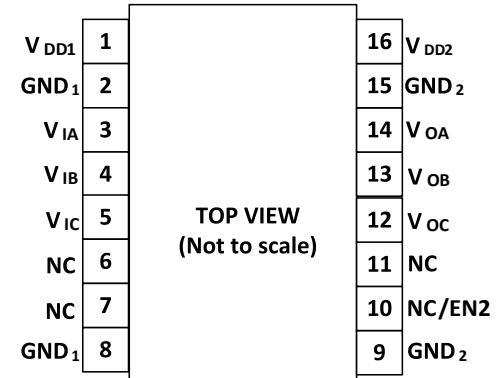
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PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTIONS

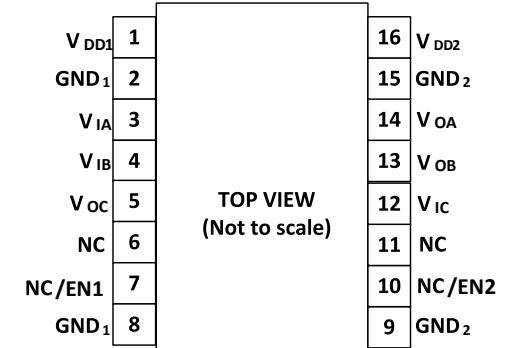
$\pi130Uxx$ Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	V_{DD1}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 1.
2	GND_1	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
3	V_{IA}	Logic Input A.
4	V_{IB}	Logic Input B.
5	V_{IC}	Logic Input C.
6	NC	No connect.
7	NC	No connect.
8	GND_1	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
9	GND_2	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.
10	NC/EN2	No connect for $\pi130U3X$. Output enable for $\pi130U6X$. Output pins on side 2 are enabled when EN2 is high or open and in high-impedance state when EN2 is low.
11	NC	No connect.
12	V_{OC}	Logic Output C.
13	V_{OB}	Logic Output B.
14	V_{OA}	Logic Output A.
15	GND_2	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.
16	V_{DD2}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 2.

Figure 3 $\pi130Uxx$ Pin Configuration

$\pi131Uxx$ Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	V_{DD1}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 1.
2	GND_1	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
3	V_{IA}	Logic Input A.
4	V_{IB}	Logic Input B.
5	V_{OC}	Logic Output C.
6	NC	No connect.
7	NC	No connect for $\pi131U3X$. Output enable for $\pi131U6X$. Output pins on side 1 are enabled when EN1 is high or open and in high-impedance state when EN1 is low.
8	GND_1	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
9	GND_2	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.
10	NC	No connect for $\pi131U3X$. Output enable for $\pi131U6X$. Output pins on side 2 are enabled when EN2 is high or open and in high-impedance state when EN2 is low.
11	NC	No connect.
12	V_{IC}	Logic Input C.
13	V_{OB}	Logic Output B.
14	V_{OA}	Logic Output A.
15	GND_2	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.
16	V_{DD2}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 2.

Figure 4. $\pi131Uxx$ Pin Configuration

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings⁴

Parameter	Rating
Supply Voltages (V _{DD1} -GND ₁ , V _{DD2} -GND ₂)	-0.5 V to +7.0 V
Input Voltages (V _{IA} , V _{IB}) ¹	-0.5 V to V _{DDx} + 0.5 V
Output Voltages (V _{OA} , V _{OB}) ¹	-0.5 V to V _{DDx} + 0.5 V
Average Output Current per Pin ² Side 1 Output Current (I _{O1})	-10 mA to +10 mA
Average Output Current per Pin ² Side 2 Output Current (I _{O2})	-10 mA to +10 mA
Common-Mode Transients Immunity ³	-150 kV/μs to +150 kV/μs
Storage Temperature (T _{ST}) Range	-65°C to +150°C
Ambient Operating Temperature (T _A) Range	-40°C to +125°C

Notes:

¹V_{DDx} is the side voltage power supply V_{DD}, where x = 1 or 2.

²See Figure 6 for the maximum rated current values for various temperatures.

³See Figure 16 for Common-mode transient immunity (CMTI) measurement.

⁴Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Table 2. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{DDX} ¹	3		5.5	V
High Level Input Signal Voltage	V _{IH}	0.7*V _{DDX} ¹		V _{DDX} ¹	V
Low Level Input Signal Voltage	V _{IL}	0		0.3*V _{DDX} ¹	V
High Level Output Current	I _{OH}	-6			mA
Low Level Output Current	I _{OL}			6	mA
Maximum Data Rate		0		150	Kbps
Junction Temperature	T _J	-40		150	°C
Ambient Operating Temperature	T _A	-40		125	°C

Notes:

¹V_{DDx} is the side voltage power supply V_{DD}, where x = 1 or 2.

Truth Tables

Table 3. π130U3x/π131U3x Truth Table

V _{lx} Input ¹	V _{DD1} State ¹	V _{DD0} State ¹	Default Low V _{ox} Output ¹	Default High V _{ox} Output ¹	Test Conditions /Comments
Low	Powered ²	Powered ²	Low	Low	Normal operation
High	Powered ²	Powered ²	High	High	Normal operation
Open	Powered ²	Powered ²	Low	High	Default output
Don't Care ⁴	Unpowered ³	Powered ²	Low	High	Default output ⁵
Don't Care ⁴	Powered ²	Unpowered ³	High Impedance	High Impedance	

Notes:

¹V_{lx}/V_{ox} are the input/output signals of a given channel (A or B). V_{DD1}/V_{DD0} are the supply voltages on the input/output signal sides of this given channel.

² Powered means $V_{DDX} \geq 2.9$ V³ Unpowered means $V_{DDX} < 2.3$ V⁴ Input signal (V_{Ix}) must be in a low state to avoid powering the given V_{DDI} ¹ through its ESD protection circuitry.⁵ If the V_{DDI} goes into unpowered status, the channel outputs the default logic signal after around 1us. If the V_{DDI} goes into powered status, the channel outputs the input status logic signal after around 3us.**Table 4. π130U6x/π131U6x Truth Table**

V_{Ix} Input ¹	EN1/2 State	V_{DDI} State ¹	V_{DDO} State ¹	Default Low V_{Ox} Output ¹	Default High V_{Ox} Output ¹	Test Conditions /Comments
Low	High or NC	Powered ²	Powered ²	Low	Low	Normal operation
High	High or NC	Powered ²	Powered ²	High	High	Normal operation
Don't Care ⁴	L	Powered ²	Powered ²	High Impedance	High Impedance	Disabled
Open	High or NC	Powered ²	Powered ²	Low	High	Default output ⁵
Don't Care ⁴	High or NC	Unpowered ³	Powered ²	Low	High	Default output ⁵
Don't Care ⁴	L	Unpowered ³	Powered ²	High Impedance	High Impedance	
Don't Care ⁴	Don't Care ⁴	Powered ²	Unpowered ³	High Impedance	High Impedance	

Notes:

¹ V_{Ix}/V_{Ox} are the input/output signals of a given channel (A or B). V_{DDI}/V_{DDO} are the supply voltages on the input/output signal sides of this given channel.²Powered means $V_{DDX} \geq 2.9$ V³Unpowered means $V_{DDX} < 2.3$ V⁴Input signal (V_{Ix}) must be in a low state to avoid powering the given V_{DDI} ¹ through its ESD protection circuitry.⁵If the V_{DDI} goes into unpowered status, the channel outputs the default logic signal after around 1us. If the V_{DDI} goes into powered status, the channel outputs the input status logic signal after around 3us.

SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 5. Switching Specifications $V_{DD1} - V_{GND1} = V_{DD2} - V_{GND2} = 3.3V_{DC} \pm 10\%$ or $5V_{DC} \pm 10\%$, $T_A=25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
Minimum Pulse Width	PW			6.5	us	Within pulse width distortion (PWD) limit
Maximum Data Rate		150			Kbps	Within PWD limit
Propagation Delay Time ^{1,4}	t_{pHL}, t_{pLH}		3.0	4.5	us	The different time between 50% input signal to 50% output signal 50% @ 5V _{DC} supply
			3.2	4.8	us	@ 3.3V _{DC} supply
Pulse Width Distortion ⁴	PWD	0	0.02	0.2	us	The max different time between t_{pHL} and t_{pLH} @ 5V _{DC} supply. And The value is $ t_{pHL} - t_{pLH} $ @ 3.3V _{DC} supply
		0	0.02	0.2	us	
Part to Part Propagation Delay Skew ⁴	t_{PSK}			0.3	us	The max different propagation delay time between any two devices at the same temperature, load and voltage @ 5V _{DC} supply
				0.3	us	@ 3.3V _{DC} supply
Channel to Channel Propagation Delay Skew ⁴	t_{CSK}		0	0.2	us	The max amount propagation delay time differs between any two output channels in the single device @ 5V _{DC} supply.
			0	0.2	us	@ 3.3V _{DC} supply
Output Signal Rise/Fall Time ⁴	t_r/t_f		1.5		ns	10% to 90% signal terminated 50Ω, See figure13.
Common-Mode Transient Immunity ³	CMTI	100	150		kV/μs	$V_{IN} = V_{DDX}^2$ or 0V, $V_{CM} = 1000$ V
ESD (HBM - Human body model)	ESD		±8		kV	All pins

Notes:

¹ t_{PLH} = low-to-high propagation delay time, t_{PHL} = high-to-low propagation delay time. See figure 14.² V_{DDX} is the side voltage power supply V_{DD} , where $x = 1$ or 2 .³See Figure 16 for Common-mode transient immunity (CMTI) measurement.⁴Output Signal Terminated 50Ω .**Table 6. DC Specifications** $V_{DD1} - V_{GND1} = V_{DD2} - V_{GND2} = 3.3V_{DC} \pm 10\%$ or $5V_{DC} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
Rising Input Signal Voltage Threshold	V_{IT+}		$0.6 * V_{DDX}^1$	$0.7 * V_{DDX}^1$	V	
Falling Input Signal Voltage Threshold	V_{IT-}	$0.3 * V_{DDX}^1$	$0.4 * V_{DDX}^1$		V	
High Level Output Voltage	V_{OH}	$V_{DDX} - 0.1$	V_{DDX}		V	-20 μA output current
		$V_{DDX} - 0.2$	$V_{DDX} - 0.1$		V	-2 mA output current
Low Level Output Voltage	V_{OL}		0	0.1	V	20 μA output current
			0.1	0.2	V	2 mA output current
Input Current per Signal Channel	I_{IN}	-10	0.5	10	μA	$0 V \leqslant \text{Signal voltage} \leqslant V_{DDX}^1$
V_{DDX}^1 Undervoltage Rising Threshold	V_{DDXUV+}	2.45	2.65	2.9	V	
V_{DDX}^1 Undervoltage Falling Threshold	V_{DDXUV-}	2.3	2.5	2.75	V	
V_{DDX}^1 Hysteresis	V_{DDXUVH}		0.15		V	

Notes:

¹ V_{DDX} is the side voltage power supply V_{DD} , where $x = 1$ or 2 .**Table 7. Quiescent Supply Current** $V_{DD1} - V_{GND1} = V_{DD2} - V_{GND2} = 3.3V_{DC} \pm 10\%$ or $5V_{DC} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, $C_L = 0 \text{ pF}$, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
$\pi130Uxx$ Quiescent Supply Current @ 5V _{DC} Supply	$I_{DD1(Q)}$	279	349	453	μA	0V Input signal
	$I_{DD2(Q)}$	1123	1404	1825	μA	0V Input signal
	$I_{DD1(Q)}$	112	140	182	μA	5V Input signal
	$I_{DD2(Q)}$	1205	1506	1958	μA	5V Input signal
	$I_{DD1(Q)}$	214	268	348	μA	0V Input signal
	$I_{DD2(Q)}$	1101	1376	1789	μA	0V Input signal
	$I_{DD1(Q)}$	104	130	169	μA	3.3V Input signal
	$I_{DD2(Q)}$	1191	1489	1936	μA	3.3V Input signal
$\pi131Uxx$ Quiescent Supply Current @ 5V _{DC} Supply	$I_{DD1(Q)}$	556	695	904	μA	0V Input signal
	$I_{DD2(Q)}$	846	1058	1375	μA	0V Input signal
	$I_{DD1(Q)}$	489	611	794	μA	5V Input signal
	$I_{DD2(Q)}$	852	1065	1385	μA	5V Input signal
	$I_{DD1(Q)}$	506	632	822	μA	0V Input signal
	$I_{DD2(Q)}$	810	1012	1316	μA	0V Input signal
	$I_{DD1(Q)}$	484	605	787	μA	3.3V Input signal
	$I_{DD2(Q)}$	842	1053	1369	μA	3.3V Input signal

Table 8. Total Supply Current vs. Data Throughput ($C_L = 0 \text{ pF}$) $V_{DD1} - V_{GND1} = V_{DD2} - V_{GND2} = 3.3V_{DC} \pm 10\% \text{ or } 5V_{DC} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_L = 0 \text{ pF}$, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	2 Kbps			50Kbps			150Kbps			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$\pi130Uxx$ Supply Current@ 5V _{DC} @ 3.3V _{DC}	I _{DD1}		0.24	0.36		0.24	0.36		0.25	0.38	mA
	I _{DD2}		1.45	2.18		1.47	2.21		1.49	2.24	mA
	I _{DD1}		0.18	0.27		0.18	0.27		0.18	0.27	mA
	I _{DD2}		1.41	2.12		1.42	2.13		1.43	2.15	mA
$\pi131Uxx$ Supply Current@ 5V _{DC} @ 3.3V _{DC}	I _{DD1}		0.60	0.90		0.61	0.92		0.62	0.93	mA
	I _{DD2}		1.05	1.58		1.07	1.61		1.09	1.64	mA
	I _{DD1}		0.55	0.83		0.56	0.84		0.57	0.86	mA
	I _{DD2}		1.03	1.55		1.05	1.58		1.07	1.61	mA

INSULATION AND SAFETY RELATED SPECIFICATIONS**Table 9. Insulation Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
		$\pi13xU3x$	$\pi13xU6x$		
Rated Dielectric Insulation Voltage		3000	6000	V rms	1-minute duration
Minimum External Air Gap (Clearance)	L (CLR)	4	8	mm min	Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance through air
Minimum External Tracking (Creepage)	L (CRP)	4	8	mm min	Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance path along body
Minimum Internal Gap (Internal Clearance)		11	21	μm min	Insulation distance through insulation
Tracking Resistance (Comparative Tracking Index)	CTI	>400	>400	V	DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303 Part 1
Material Group		II	II		Material Group (DIN VDE 0110, 1/89, Table 1)

PACKAGE CHARACTERISTICS**Table 10. Package Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Typical Value		Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
		$\pi13xU3x$	$\pi13xU6x$		
Resistance (Input to Output) ¹	R _{i-o}	10^{-11}	10^{-11}	Ω	
Capacitance (Input to Output) ¹	C _{i-o}	0.6	0.6	pF	@1MHz
Input Capacitance ²	C _i	3	3	pF	@1MHz
IC Junction to Ambient Thermal Resistance	θ_{JA}	100	45	°C/W	Thermocouple located at center of package underside

Notes:

¹The device is considered a 2-terminal device; SOIC-16 Pin 1 - Pin 8(WSOIC-16 Pin 1-Pin8 and SSOP16 Pin 1-Pin8) are shorted together as the one terminal, and SOIC-16 Pin 9- Pin 16(WSOIC-16 Pin 9-Pin16 and SSOP16 Pin 9-Pin16) are shorted together as the other terminal.²Testing from the input signal pin to ground.**REGULATORY INFORMATION**

See Table 11 and the Insulation Lifetime section for details regarding recommended maximum working voltages for specific cross isolation waveforms and insulation levels.

Table11. Regulatory

Regulatory	$\pi13xU3x$	$\pi13xU6x$
UL	Recognized under UL 1577	Recognized under UL 1577

	Component Recognition Program ¹ Single Protection, 3000 V rms Isolation Voltage File (E494497)	Component Recognition Program ¹ Single Protection, 6000 V rms Isolation Voltage File (pending)
CSA	Approved under CSA Component Acceptance Notice 5A CSA 60950-1-07+A1+A2 and IEC 60950-1, second edition, +A1+A2: Basic insulation at 500 V rms (707 V peak) Reinforced insulation at 250 V rms (353 V peak) File (pending)	Approved under CSA Component Acceptance Notice 5A CSA 60950-1-07+A1+A2 and IEC 60950-1, second edition, +A1+A2: Basic insulation at 845 V rms (1200 V peak) Reinforced insulation at 422 V rms (600 V peak) File (pending)
VDE	DIN V VDE V 0884-10 (VDE V 0884-10):2006-12 ² Basic insulation, $V_{IORM} = 707$ V peak, $V_{IOSM} = 4615$ V peak File (40047929)	DIN V VDE V 0884-10 (VDE V 0884-10):2006-12 ² Basic insulation, $V_{IORM} = 1200$ V peak, $V_{IOSM} = 7000$ V peak File (pending)
CQC	Certified under CQC11-471543-2012 GB4943.1-2011 Basic insulation at 500 V rms (707 V peak) working voltage Reinforced insulation at 250 V rms (353 V peak) File (pending)	Certified under CQC11-471543-2012 GB4943.1-2011 Basic insulation at 845 V rms (1200 V peak) working voltage Reinforced insulation at 422 V rms (600 V peak) File (pending)

Notes:

¹ In accordance with UL 1577, each **π130U3X/π131U3X** is proof tested by applying an insulation test voltage ≥ 3600 V rms for 1 sec; each **π130U6X/π131U6X** is proof tested by applying an insulation test voltage ≥ 7200 V rms for 1 sec

² In accordance with DIN V VDE V 0884-10, each **π130U3X/π131U3X** is proof tested by applying an insulation test voltage ≥ 1326 V peak for 1 sec (partial discharge detection limit = 5 pC); each **π130U6X/π131U6X** is proof tested by ≥ 2250 V peak for 1 sec. The * marking branded on the component designates DIN V VDE V 0884-10 approval.

DIN V VDE V 0884-10 (VDE V 0884-10) INSULATION CHARACTERISTICS

These isolators are suitable for reinforced electrical isolation only within the safety limit data. Protective circuits ensure the maintenance of the safety data. The * marking on packages denotes DIN V VDE V 0884-10 approval.

Table 12. VDE Insulation Characteristics

Description	Test Conditions/Comments	Symbol	Characteristic		Unit
			$\pi13xU3x$	$\pi13xU6x$	
Installation Classification per DIN VDE 0110			I to IV	I to IV	
For Rated Mains Voltage ≤ 150 V rms			I to III	I to III	
For Rated Mains Voltage ≤ 300 V rms			I to III	I to III	
For Rated Mains Voltage ≤ 400 V rms			40/105/21	40/105/21	
Climatic Classification			2	2	
Pollution Degree per DIN VDE 0110, Table 1			V _{IORM}	707	V peak
Maximum Working Insulation Voltage			V _{pd (m)}	1326	V peak
Input to Output Test Voltage, Method B1	$V_{IORM} \times 1.875 = V_{pd(m)}$, 100% production test, $t_{ini} = t_m = 1$ sec, partial discharge < 5 pC			2250	V peak
Input to Output Test Voltage, Method A					
After Environmental Tests Subgroup 1	$V_{IORM} \times 1.5 = V_{pd(m)}$, $t_{ini} = 60$ sec, $t_m = 10$ sec, partial discharge < 5 pC		V _{pd (m)}	1061	V peak
				1800	

After Input and/or Safety Test Subgroup 2 and Subgroup 3	$V_{IORM} \times 1.2 = V_{pd(m)}$, $t_{ini} = 60$ sec, $t_m = 10$ sec, partial discharge < 5 pC		849	1440	V peak
Highest Allowable Overvoltage		V_{IOTM}	4200	8500	V peak
Surge Isolation Voltage Basic	Basic insulation, 1.2 μ s rise time, 50 μ s, 50% fall time	V_{IOSM}	4615	7000	V peak
Surge Isolation Voltage Reinforced	Reinforced insulation, 1.2 μ s rise time, 50 μ s, 50% fall time	V_{IOSM}			V peak
Safety Limiting Values	Maximum value allowed in the event of a failure (see Figure 6)				
Maximum Junction Temperature		T_S	150	150	°C
Total Power Dissipation at 25°C		P_S	1.56	2.78	W
Insulation Resistance at T_S	$V_{IO} = 800$ V	R_S	>10 ⁹	>10 ⁹	Ω

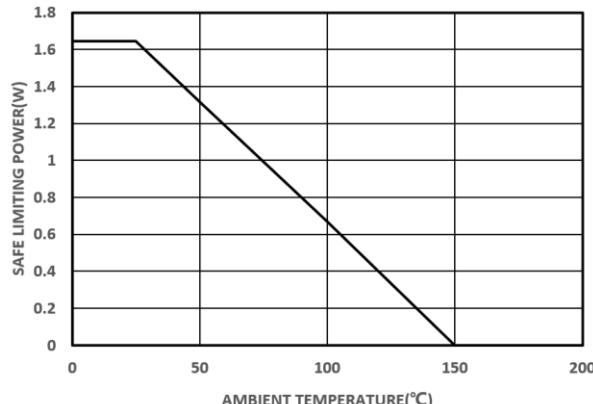
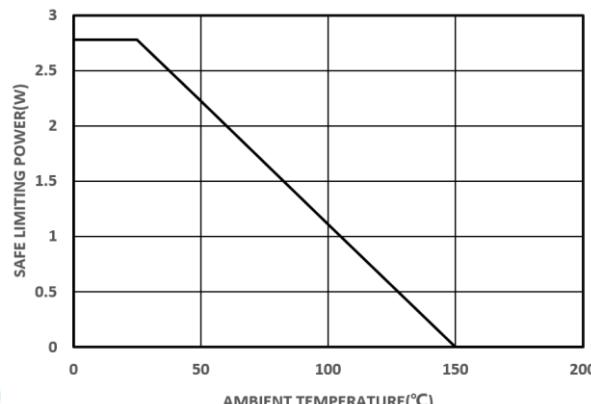
π13xU3x**π13xU6x**

Figure 6. Thermal Derating Curve, Dependence of Safety Limiting Values with Ambient Temperature per VDE

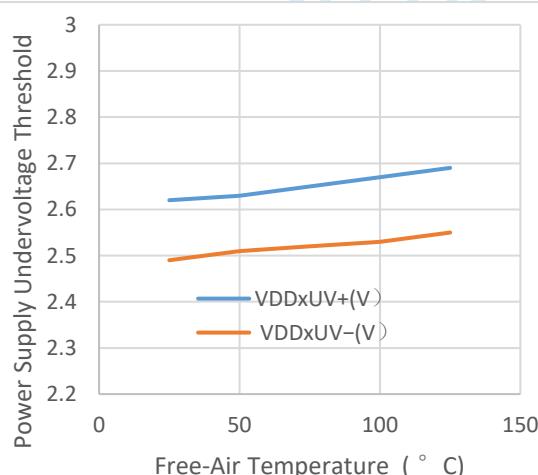


Figure 7. UVLO vs. Free-Air Temperature

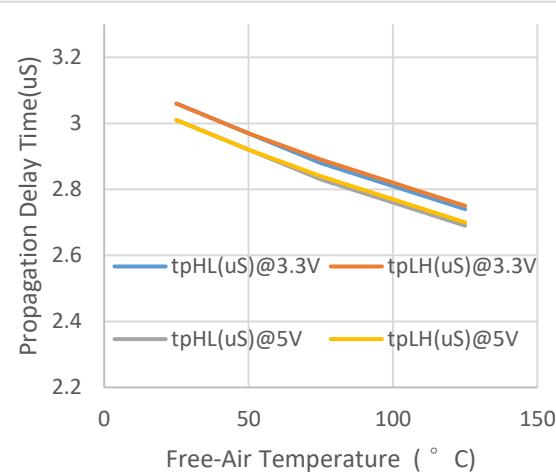


Figure 8. Propagation Delay Time vs. Free-Air Temperature

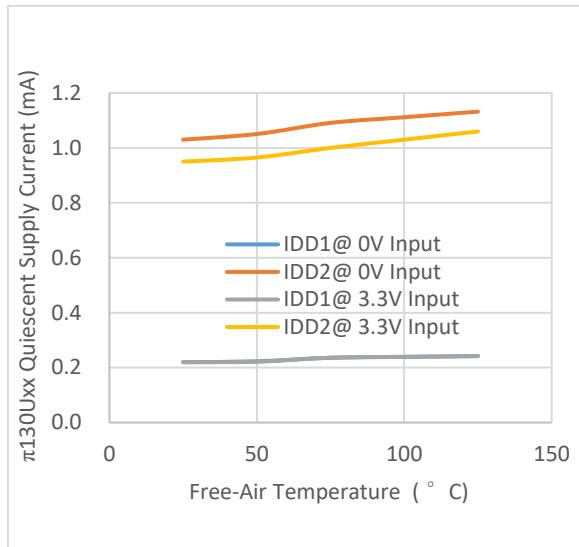


Figure 9 π130Uxx Quiescent Supply Current with 3.3V Supply vs. Free-Air Temperature

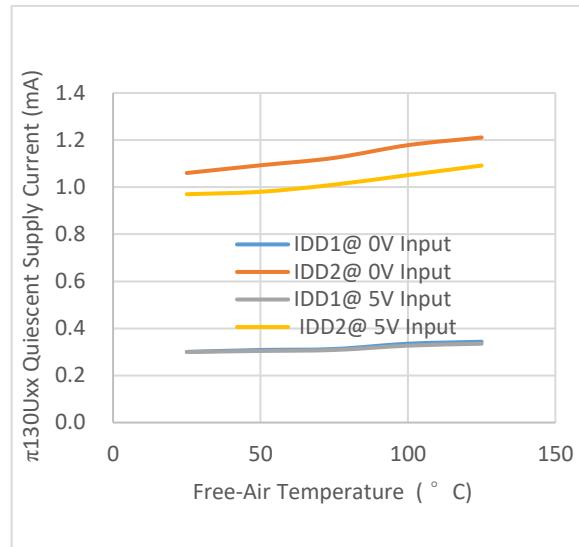


Figure 10 π130Uxx Quiescent Supply Current with 5V Supply vs. Free-Air Temperature

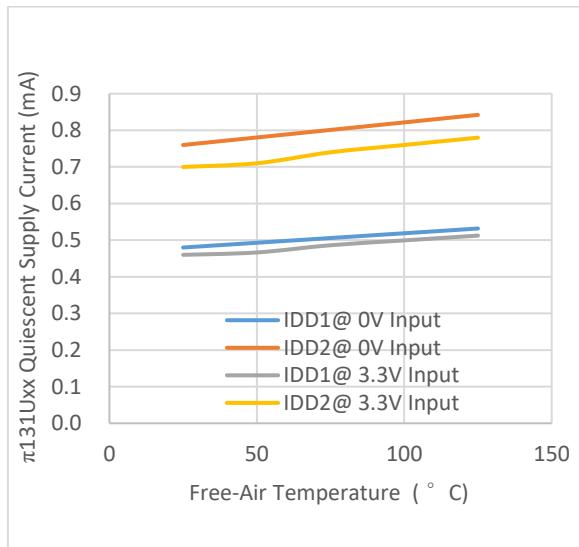


Figure 11 π131Uxx Quiescent Supply Current with 3.3V Supply vs. Free-Air Temperature

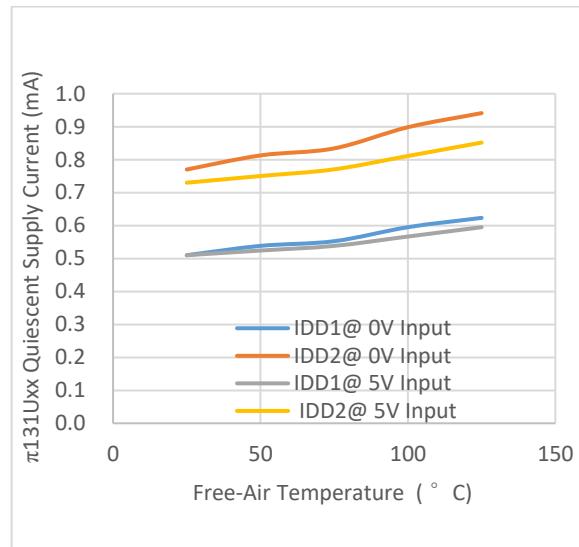


Figure 12 π131Uxx Quiescent Supply Current with 5V Supply vs. Free-Air Temperature

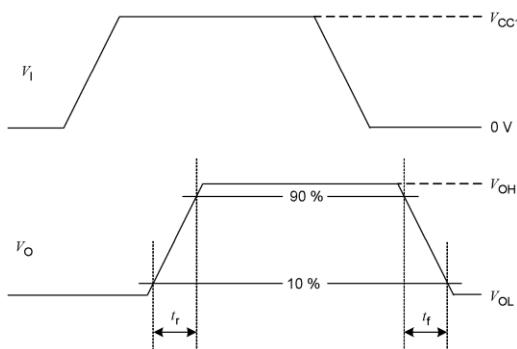


Figure 13. Transition time waveform measurement

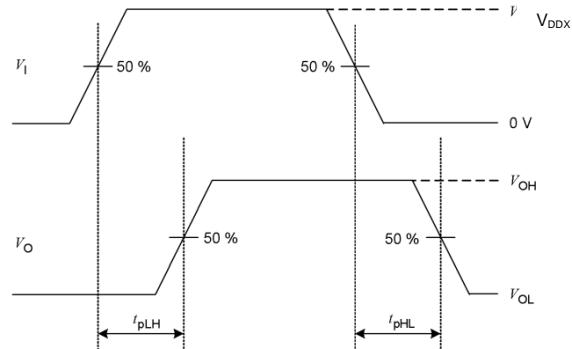


Figure 14. Propagation delay time waveform measurement

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

OVERVIEW

The **π1xxxxx** are 2PaiSemi digital isolators product family based on 2PaiSEMI unique **iDivide** technology. Intelligent voltage **Divider** technology (**iDivide** technology) is a new generation digital isolator technology invented by 2PaiSEMI. It uses the principle of capacitor voltage divider to transmit signal directly cross the isolator capacitor without signal modulation and demodulation. Compare to the traditional Opto-couple technology, icoupler technology, OOK technology, **iDivide** is a more essential and concise isolation signal transmit technology which leads to greatly simplification on circuit design and therefore significantly improves device performance, such as lower power consumption, faster speed, enhanced anti-interference ability, lower noise.

By using matured standard semiconductor CMOS technology and the innovative **iDivide** design, these isolation components provide outstanding performance characteristics and reliability superior to alternatives such as optocoupler devices and other integrated isolators. The **π1xxxxx** isolator data channels are independent and are available in a variety of configurations with a withstand voltage rating of 1.5 kV rms to 6.0 kV rms and the data rate from DC up to 600Mbps (see the Ordering Guide).

The **π130Uxx/π131Uxx** are the outstanding 150Kbps Triple-channel digital isolators with the enhanced ESD capability. the devices transmit data across an isolation barrier by layers of silicon dioxide isolation.

The devices operate with the supply voltage on either side ranging from 3.0 V to 5.5 V, offering voltage translation of 3.3 V, and 5 V logic.

The **π130Uxx/π131Uxx** have very low propagation delay and high speed. The input/output design techniques allow logic and supply voltages over a wide range from 3.0 V to 5.5 V, offering voltage translation of 3.3 V and 5 V logic. The architecture is designed for high common-mode transient immunity and high immunity to electrical noise and magnetic interference.

See the Ordering Guide for the model numbers that have the fail-safe output state of low or high.

PCB LAYOUT

The low-ESR ceramic bypass capacitors must be connected between V_{DD1} and GND₁ and between V_{DD2} and GND₂. The bypass capacitors are placed on the PCB as close to the isolator device as possible. The recommended bypass capacitor value is between 0.1 μ F and 10 μ F. To enhance the robustness of a design, the user may also include resistors (50–300 Ω) in series with the inputs and outputs if the system is excessively noisy.

Avoid reducing the isolation capability, Keep the space underneath the isolator device free from metal such as planes, pads, traces and vias.

To minimize the impedance of the signal return loop, keep the solid ground plane directly underneath the high-speed signal path, the closer the better. The return path will couple between the nearest ground plane to the signal path. Keep suitable trace width for controlled impedance transmission lines interconnect.

To reduce the rise time degradation, keep the length of input/output signal traces as short as possible, and route low inductance loop for the signal path and It's return path.

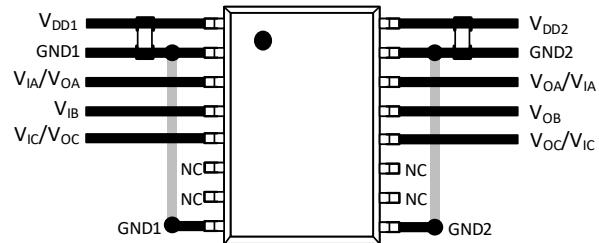


Figure 15. Recommended Printed Circuit Board Layout

CMTI MEASUREMENT

To measure the Common-Mode Transient Immunity (CMTI) of **π1xxxxx** isolator under specified common-mode pulse magnitude (V_{CM}) and specified slew rate of the common-mode pulse (dV_{CM}/dt) and other specified test or ambient conditions, The common-mode pulse generator (G_1) will be capable of providing fast rising and falling pulses of specified magnitude and duration of the common-mode pulse (V_{CM}) and the maximum common-mode slew rates (dV_{CM}/dt) can be applied to **π1xxxxx** isolator coupler under measurement. The common-mode pulse is applied between one side ground GND₁ and the other side ground GND₂ of **π1xxxxx** isolator and shall be capable of providing positive transients as well as negative transients.

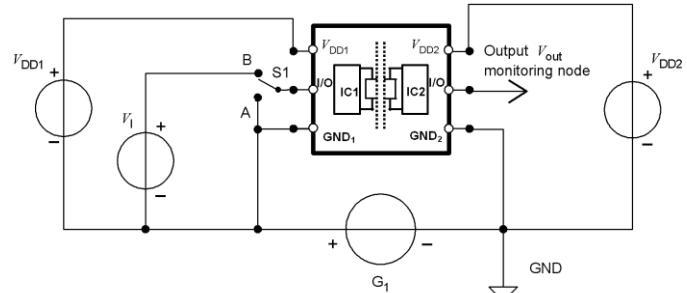


Figure 16 Common-mode transient immunity (CMTI) measurement

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

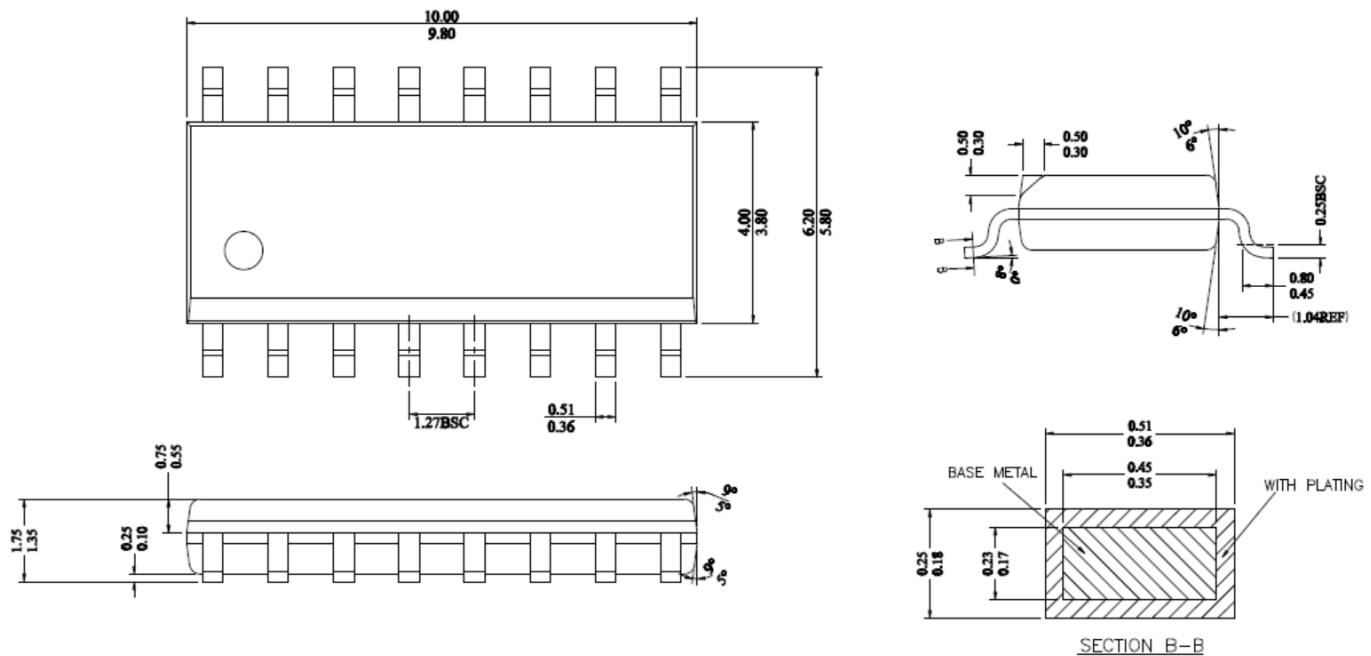


Figure 17. 16-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [16-Lead SOIC_N]

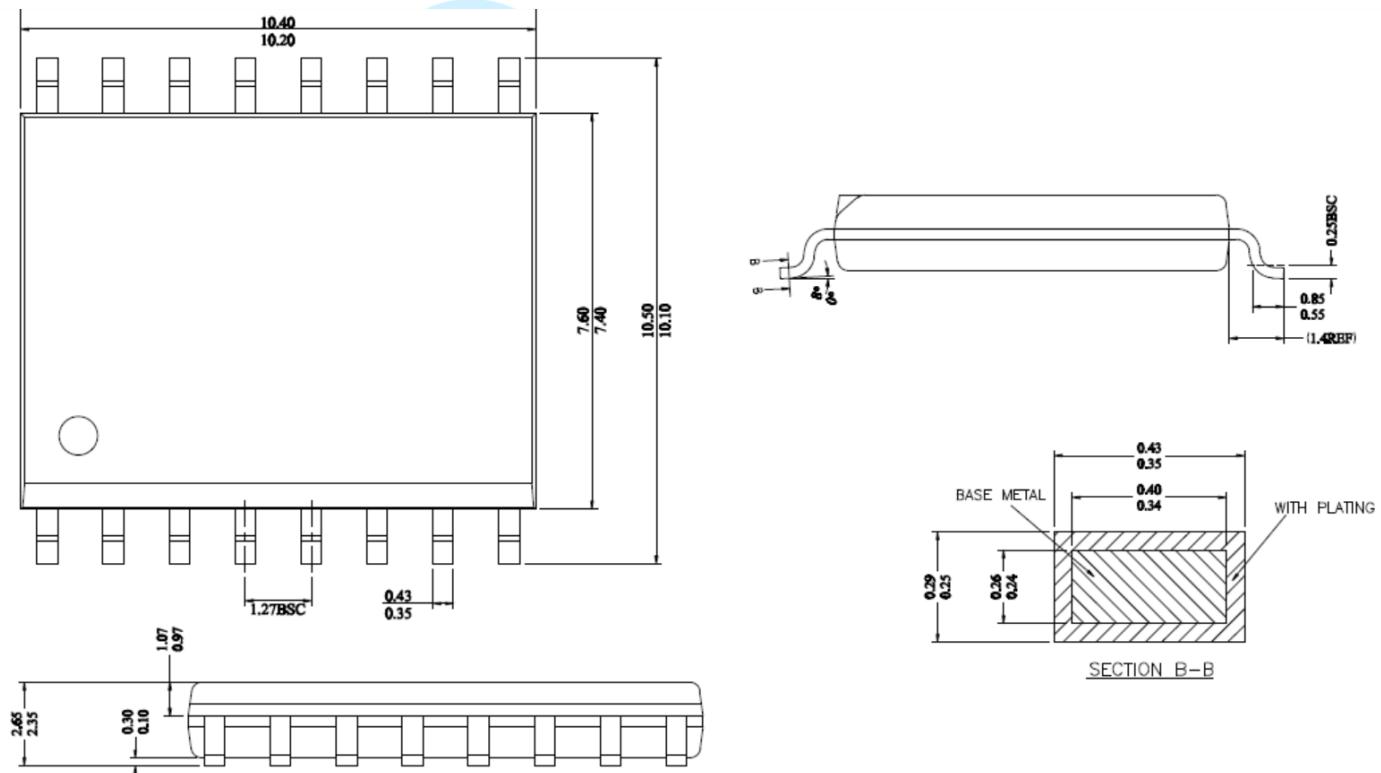
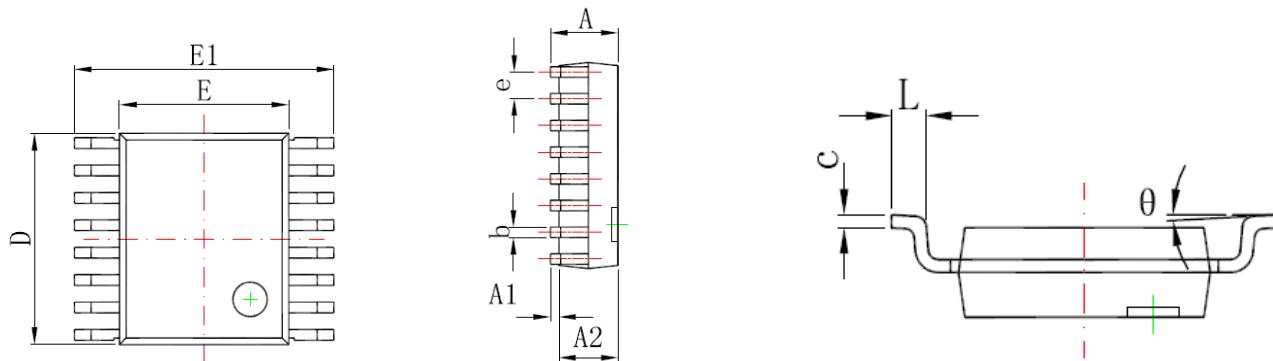


Figure 18. 16-Lead Wide Body Outline Package [16-Lead SOIC_W]

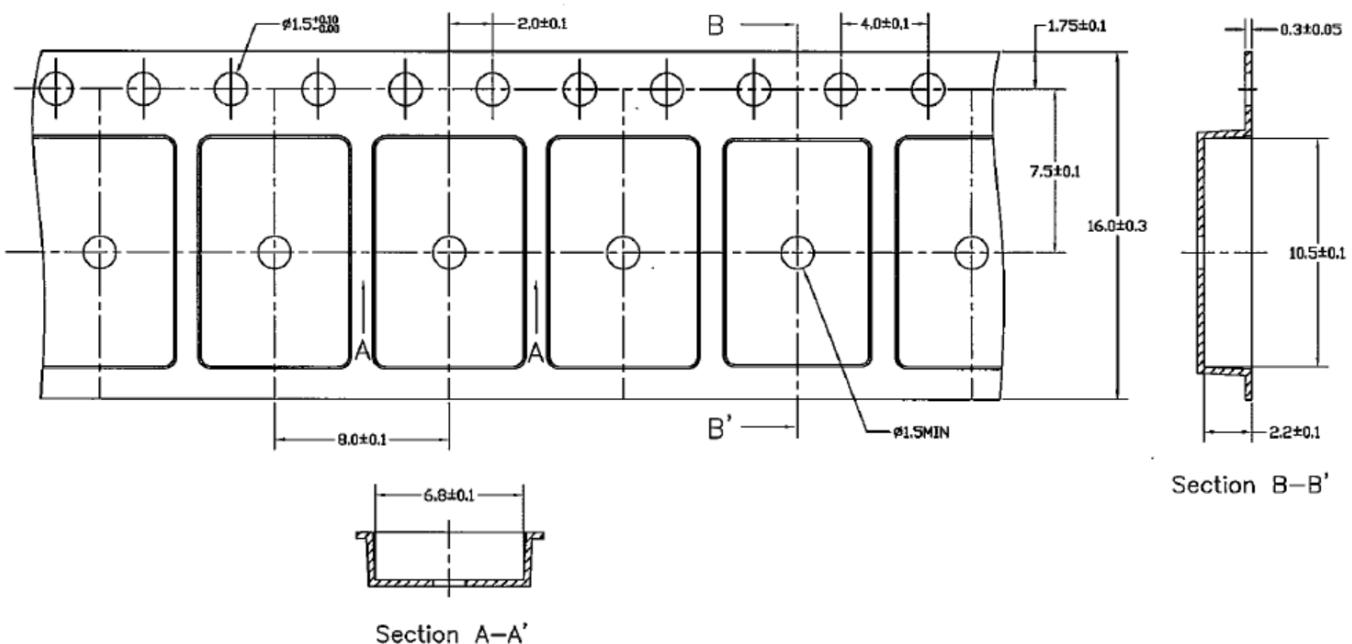


Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
b	0.200	0.300	0.008	0.012
c	0.170	0.250	0.007	0.010
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
e	0.635 (BSC)		0.025 (BSC)	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

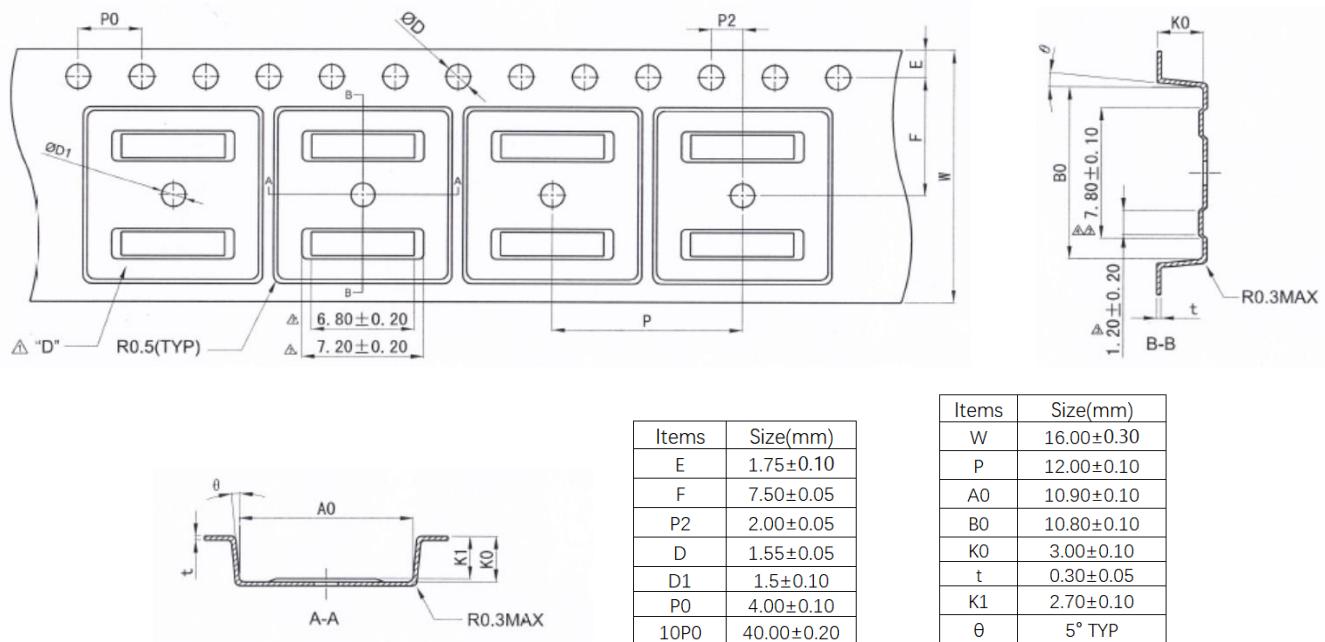
Figure 19. 16-Lead SSOP Outline Package [SSOP16]

REEL INFORMATION

16-Lead SOIC_N

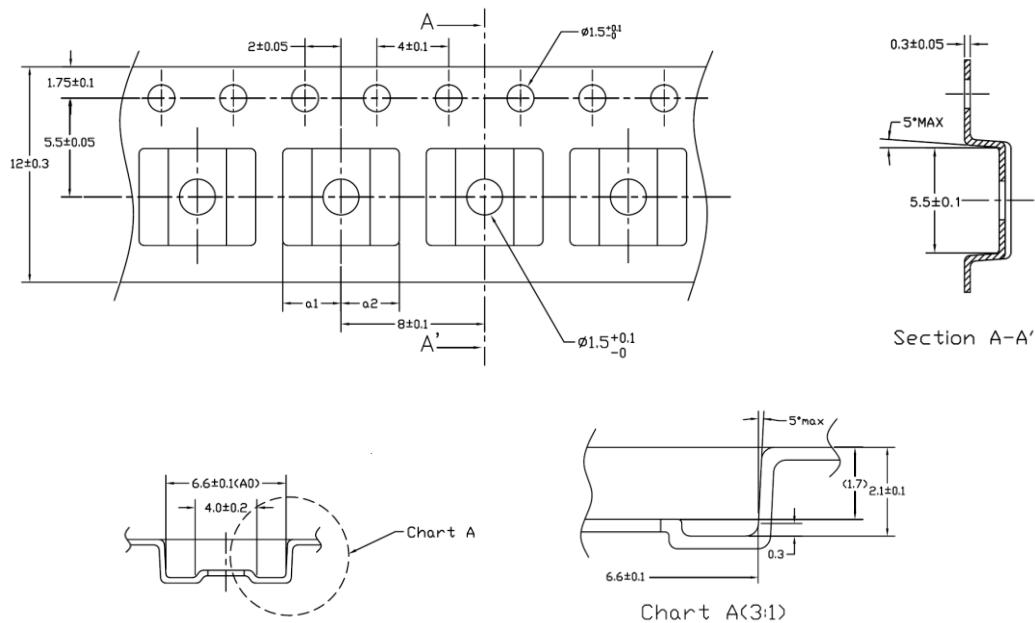


16-Lead SOIC_W



16-Lead SSOP

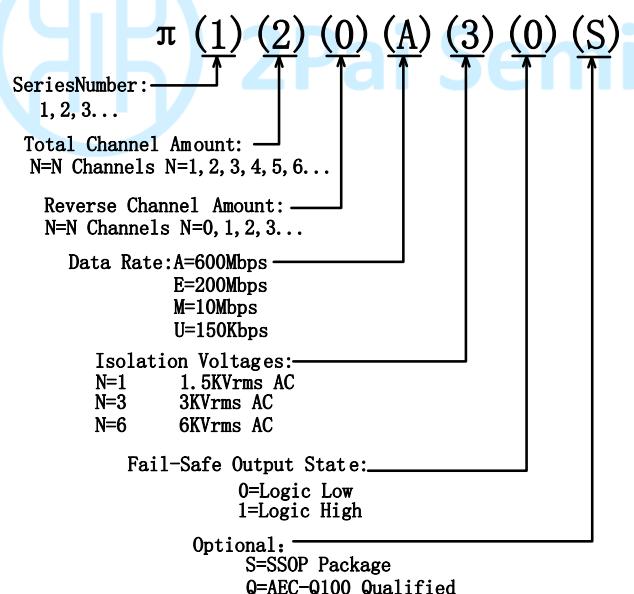
(HK) 2Pai Semi



ORDERING GUIDE

Model Name	Temperature Range	No. of Inputs, V _{DD1} Side	No. of Inputs, V _{DD2} Side	Withstand Voltage Rating (kV rms)	Fail-Safe Output State	Package Description	Package Option	Quantity	
π130U31	Pai130U31	-40°C to +125°C	3	0	3	High	16-Lead SOIC_N	S-16-N	2500 per reel
π130U30	Pai130U30	-40°C to +125°C	3	0	3	Low	16-Lead SOIC_N	S-16-N	2500 per reel
π131U31	Pai131U31	-40°C to +125°C	2	1	3	High	16-Lead SOIC_N	S-16-N	2500 per reel
π131U30	Pai131U30	-40°C to +125°C	2	1	3	Low	16-Lead SOIC_N	S-16-N	2500 per reel
π130U61	Pai130U61	-40°C to +125°C	3	0	6	High	16-Lead SOIC_W	S-16-W	1500 per reel
π130U60	Pai130U60	-40°C to +125°C	3	0	6	Low	16-Lead SOIC_W	S-16-W	1500 per reel
π131U61	Pai131U61	-40°C to +125°C	2	1	6	High	16-Lead SOIC_W	S-16-W	1500 per reel
π131U60	Pai131U60	-40°C to +125°C	2	1	6	Low	16-Lead SOIC_W	S-16-W	1500 per reel
π130U31S	Pai130U31S	-40°C to +125°C	3	0	3	High	16-Lead SSOP	SSOP16	4000 per reel
π130U30S	Pai130U30S	-40°C to +125°C	3	0	3	Low	16-Lead SSOP	SSOP16	4000 per reel
π131U31S	Pai131U31S	-40°C to +125°C	2	1	3	High	16-Lead SSOP	SSOP16	4000 per reel
π131U30S	Pai131U30S	-40°C to +125°C	2	1	3	Low	16-Lead SSOP	SSOP16	4000 per reel

Notes:

¹ π1xxxxQ special for Auto, qualified for AEC-Q100**PART NUMBER NAMED RULE**

Notes:

Pai13xxxx is equals to π13xxxx in the customer BOM

REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Updated	Date	Page	Change Record
1	Victory	2018/09/20	All	Initial version Changed C_{IN} , C_{OUT} in Figure2 from 0.1uF to 1uF.
2	Victory	2018/11/28	P1,P11	Changed the recommended bypass capacitor value from between 0.1 μ F and 1 μ F to between 0.1 μ F and 10 μ F.
3	Devin	2019/09/08	P1,P7,P11 ,P13,P14, P15	P1: Changed the address from 'Room 19307, Building 8, No.498, GuoShouJing Road' to 'Room 308-309, No.22, Boxia Road'; Changed '(W)SOIC package' to 'SOIC_N, SOIC_W and SSOP package'; Add iDivider technology description in General Description. Changed C_{IN} , C_{OUT} in Figure2 from 1uF to 0.1uF. P7: Add 'and SSOP16 Pin 1-Pin8' and 'and SSOP16 Pin 9-Pin16' in note 1. P11: Add iDivider technology description in overview. P13: Add Figure19. 16-Lead SSOP Outline Package drawing P14: Add 16-Lead SSOP Reel drawing; Updated 16-Lead SOIC_W reel drawing. P15: Add character 'S' and 'Q' in part number named rule; Changed the SOIC_W quantity from '1000 per reel' to '1500 per reel'; Add ' π 130U31S、 π 130U30S、 π 131U31S、 π 131U30S' in ordering guide



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